□ Tentative Specification
□ Preliminary Specification
■ Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: V236BJ1
SUFFIX: LE1
Ver.C3

Customer:

APPROVED BY **SIGNATURE**

Name / Title

Note

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
Chao-Chun Chung	Roger Huang	Bowei Huang

CONTENTS

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page(New)	Section	Description
Ver. 3.0	Nov.16, 2012	All	All	The Approval Specification for Ver.C3 was first issued.

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

V236BJ1-LE1 is a 23.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with WLED Backlight unit and 30 pins 1ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1366 x 768 HDTV format and can display up to 16.7M (8 bit) colors. The converter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- High brightness (250 nits)
- High contrast ratio (3000:1)
- Fast response time (Gray to gray average (8.5) ms)
- High color saturation (NTSC 72%)
- HDTV (1366 x 768 pixels) resolution, true HDTV format
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- Optimized response time for 60 Hz frame rate
- Viewing Angle: 176(H)/176(V) (CR>20) MVA Technology
- RoHS compliance.

1.3 APPLICATION

- Personal TV /Public Display Application
- Home Theater Application
- MFM Application

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	521.4705 (H) x 293.184 (V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	525.22 (H) x 297.22 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1366 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch(Sub Pixel)	0.12725 (H) x 0.38175 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Power consumption	22.679W (Max.) [Cell PW 6.349W (Max.) + BLU PW 16.33W (Max.)]	Watt	(2)
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive Mode / Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 1.0%),Hard coating (3H)	-	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings in chapter 11 for more information about the front and back outlines.

Note (2) Please refer sec 3.1 and 3.2 for more information of Power consumption

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal (H)	544.3	544.8	545.3	mm	(1)
	Vertical (V)	320.0	320.5	321.0	mm	(1)
	Depth (D)	10.9	11.4	11.9	mm	(1)
Weight		-	2270	-	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	ºC	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	ºC	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	SNOP	-	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	VNOP	-	1.0	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

(a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta ≦ 40 ºC).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 ºC Max. (Ta > 40 ºC).

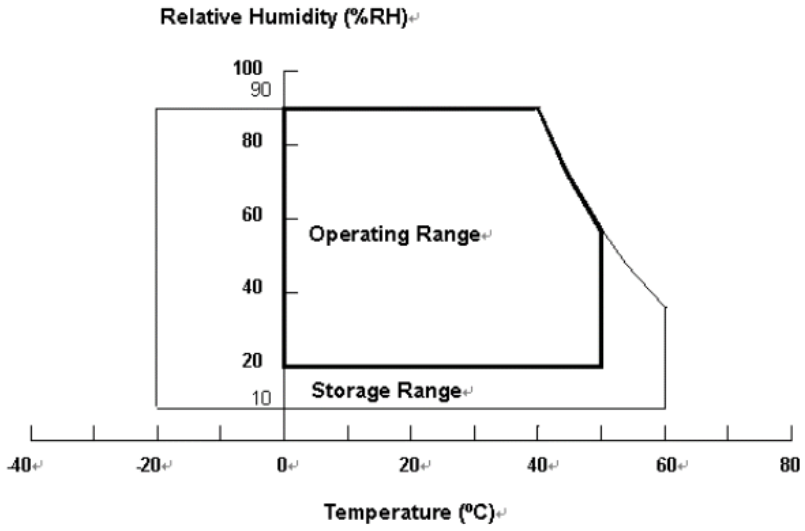
(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 ºC with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 ºC. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.

Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z.

Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.



2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

(a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time, It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 ℃ at normal humidity without condensation.

(b) The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	13.5	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	3.6	V	

2.3.2 BACKLIGHT CONVERTER UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED Forward Current Per Input Pin	I_F	0	65	70	mA	(1) (2) Duty=100%
LED Pulse Forward Current Per Input Pin	I_{FP}	—	—	200	mA	Pulse Width≦10msec. and Duty≦30%

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for input pin of LED light bar at Ta=25±2 ℃ (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

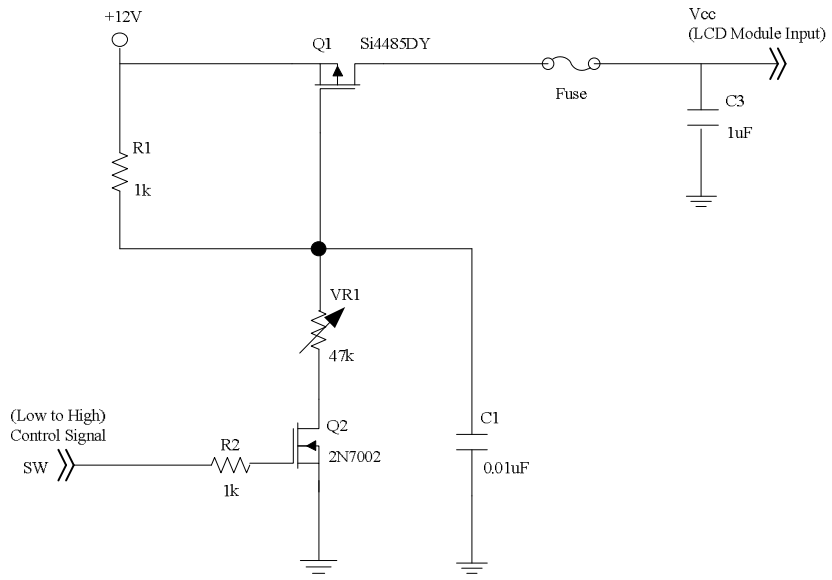
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

(Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

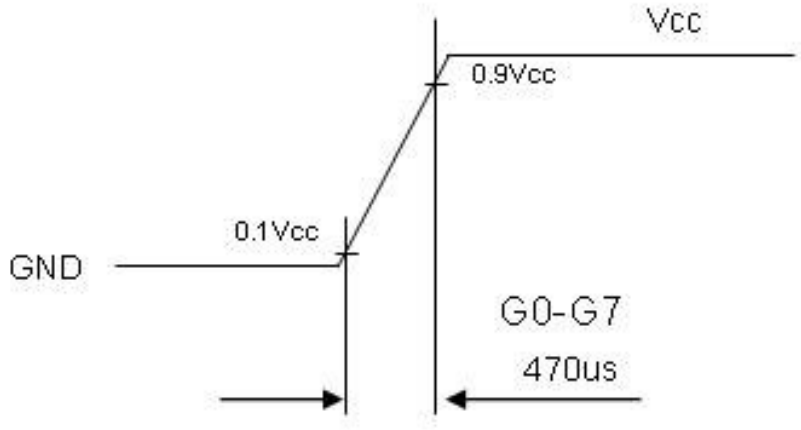
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	10.8	12	13.2	V	(1)
Rush Current		I_{RUSH}	—	—	3.9	A	(2)
Power consumption		P_T	—	4.88	6.349	Watt	(3)
Power Supply Current	White Pattern	—	—	0.35	0.455	A	(4)
	Horizontal Stripe	—	—	0.37	0.481	A	
	Black Pattern	—	—	0.21	0.273	A	
LVDS interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{LVTH}	+100	—	—	mV	(5)
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{LVTL}	—	—	-100	mV	
	Common Input Voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
	Differential input voltage (single-end)	$\|V_{ID}\|$	200	—	600	mV	
	Terminating Resistor	R_T	—	100	—	ohm	
CMIS interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{IH}	2.7	—	3.3	V	
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{IL}	0	—	0.7	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement condition:



Vcc rising time is 470us



Note (3) The Specified Power consumption is under White pattern.

Note (4) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

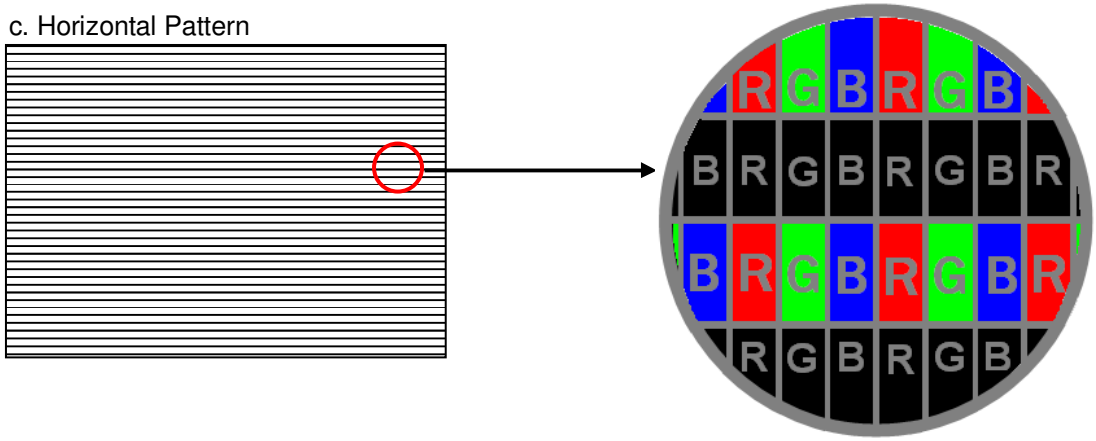
a. White Pattern

Active Area

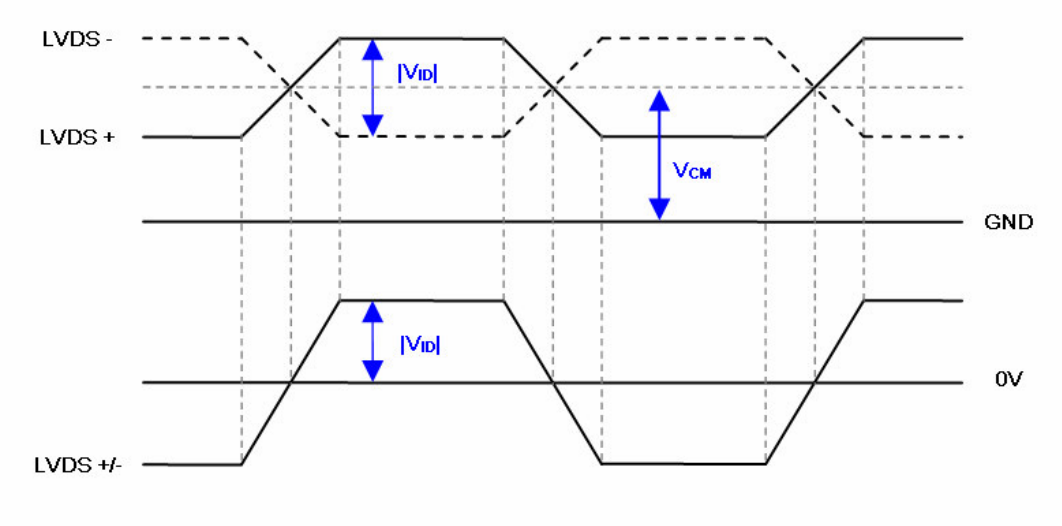
b. Black Pattern

Active Area

c. Horizontal Pattern



Note (5) The LVDS input characteristics are as follows :



3.2 BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

3.2.1 LED LIGHT BAR CHARACTERISTICS

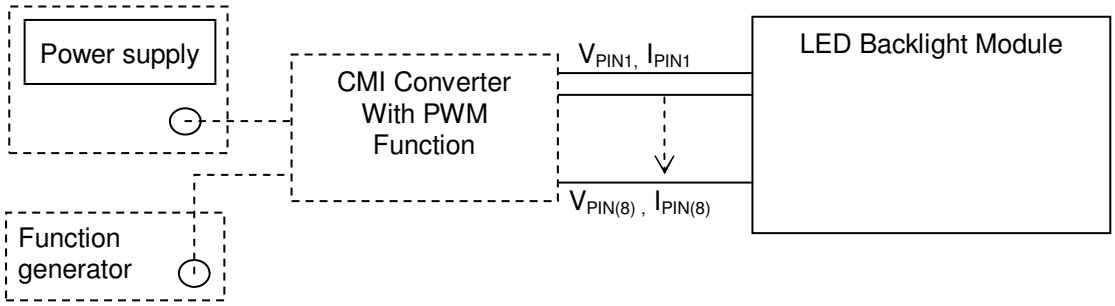
(Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED Light Bar Input Voltage Per Input Pin	V_{PIN}	25.2	27.9	31.4	V	(1), Duty=100%, I_L =65mA
LED Light Bar Current Per Input Pin	I_{PIN}	---	65	70	mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%
Power consumption	P_{BL}	---	14.5	16.33	W	(1) Duty=100%, I_L =65mA
LED Life time	L_{LED}	30,000	-	-	Hrs	(3)

Note (1)LED light bar input voltage and current are measured by utilizing a true RMS multimeter as shown below:

Note (2)P_{BL}(Typ.)= I_{PIN}(Typ.) × V_{PIN}(Typ.) × (8), P_{BL}(Max.)= I_{PIN}(Typ) × V_{PIN}(Max.) × (8) input pins ,

Note (3)The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when LED packages continue to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 ±2 ℃ and I= 65mA (per chip) until the brightness becomes ≦ 50% of its original value.



3.2.2 LIGHTBAR CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

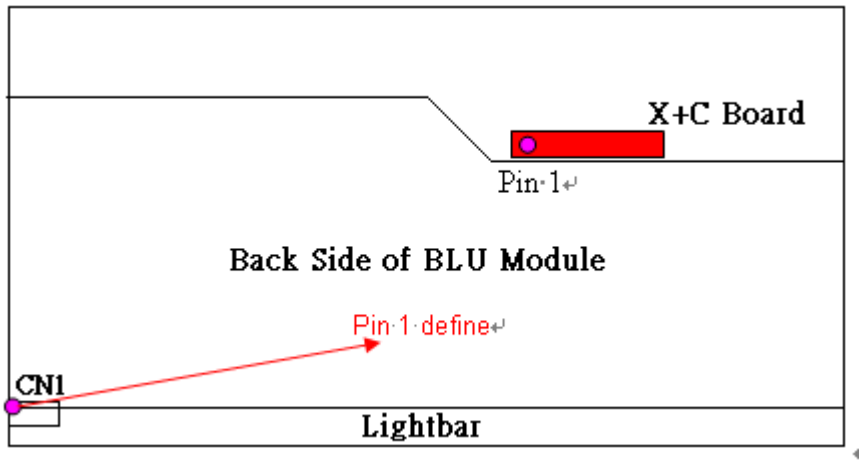
Connector: B-F,7083K-F12N-00L ,ENTERY(恩得利),

161035-12041-3 P-TWO (禾昌),

Input connector pin assignment: CN1

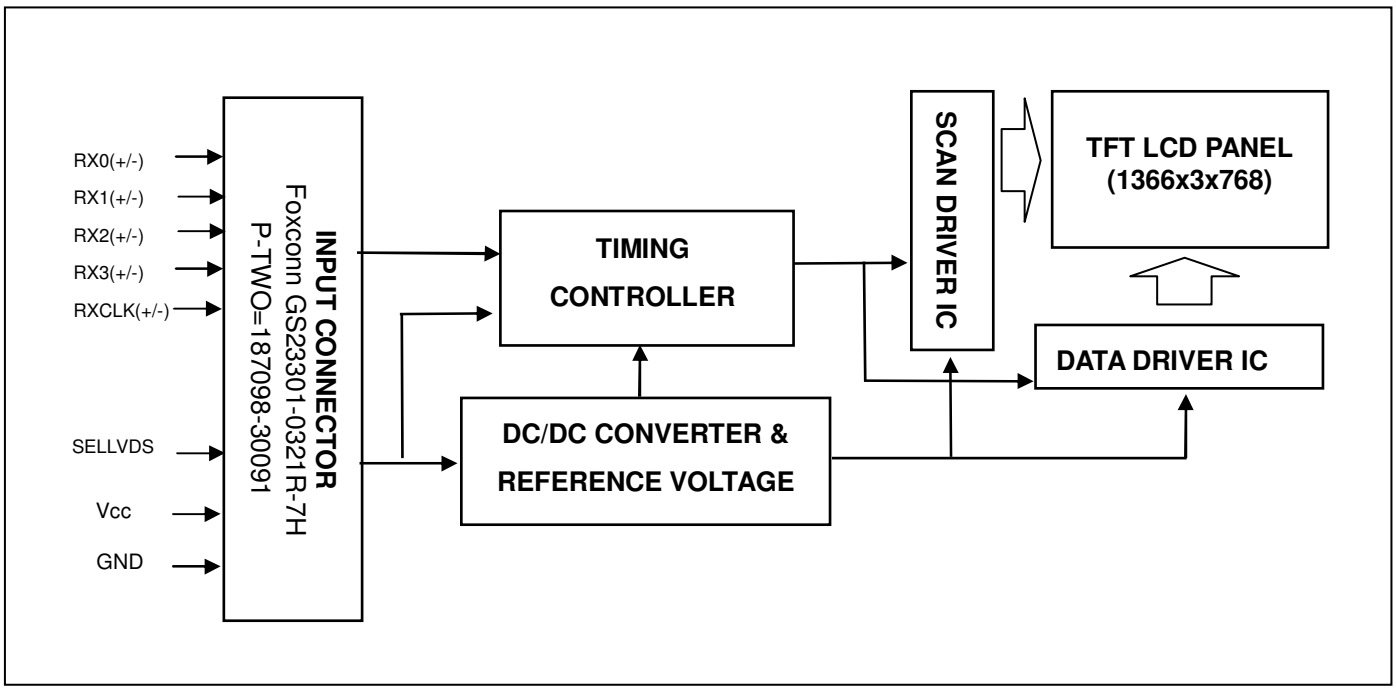
Input connector CN1		Comments
(vendor) ENTERY	(type) B-F,7083K-F12N-00L	
Pin	Function	
1	LED1	Cathode of LED string
2	LED2	Cathode of LED string
3	LED3	Cathode of LED string
4	LED4	Cathode of LED string
5	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open
6	VLED (27.9V)	VLED
7	VLED (27.9V)	VLED
8	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open
9	LED5	Cathode of LED string
10	LED6	Cathode of LED string
11	LED7	Cathode of LED string
12	LED8	Cathode of LED string

3.3 LVDS INPUT SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

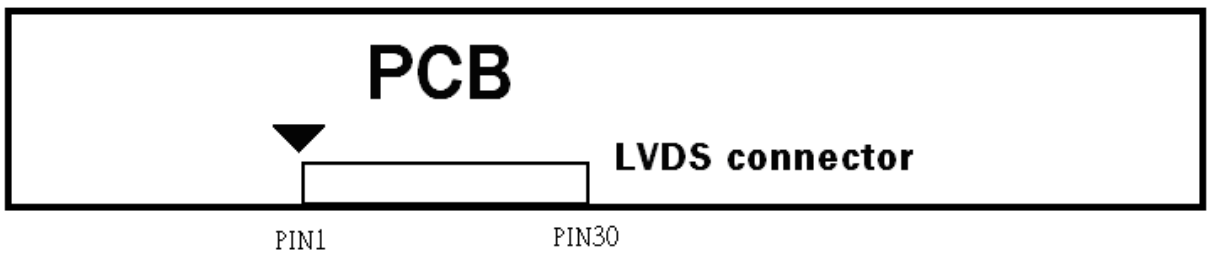
5.1 TFT LCD MODULE INPUT

Connector Pin Assignment

Pin	Name	Description	Remark
1	VCC	+12.0V power supply	
2	VCC	+12.0V power supply	
3	VCC	+12.0V power supply	
4	VCC	+12.0V power supply	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	NC	No connection	(2)
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS Format	(3)(4)
10	NC	NC	(2)
11	GND	Ground	
12	RX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
13	RX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
16	RX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
19	RX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
20	GND	Ground	
21	RXLCK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input.	
22	RXCLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input.	
23	GND	Ground	
24	RX3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	
25	RX3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	
26	GND	Ground	
27	NC	No connection	(2)
28	NC	No connection	(2)
29	NC	No connection	(2)
30	GND	Ground	

Note (1) Connector type: (P-TWO=187098-30091 or FOXCONN= GS23301-0321R-7H)

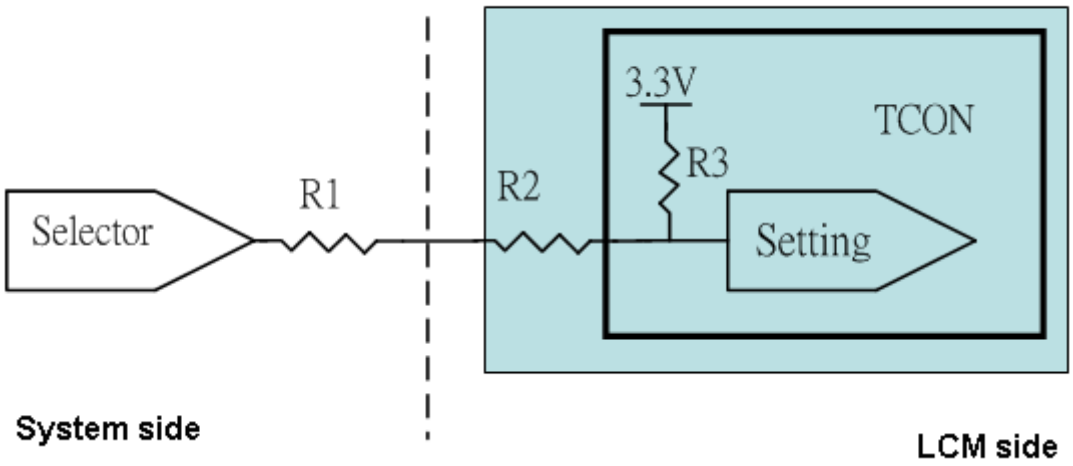
LVDS connector pin orderdefined as follows



Note (2) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

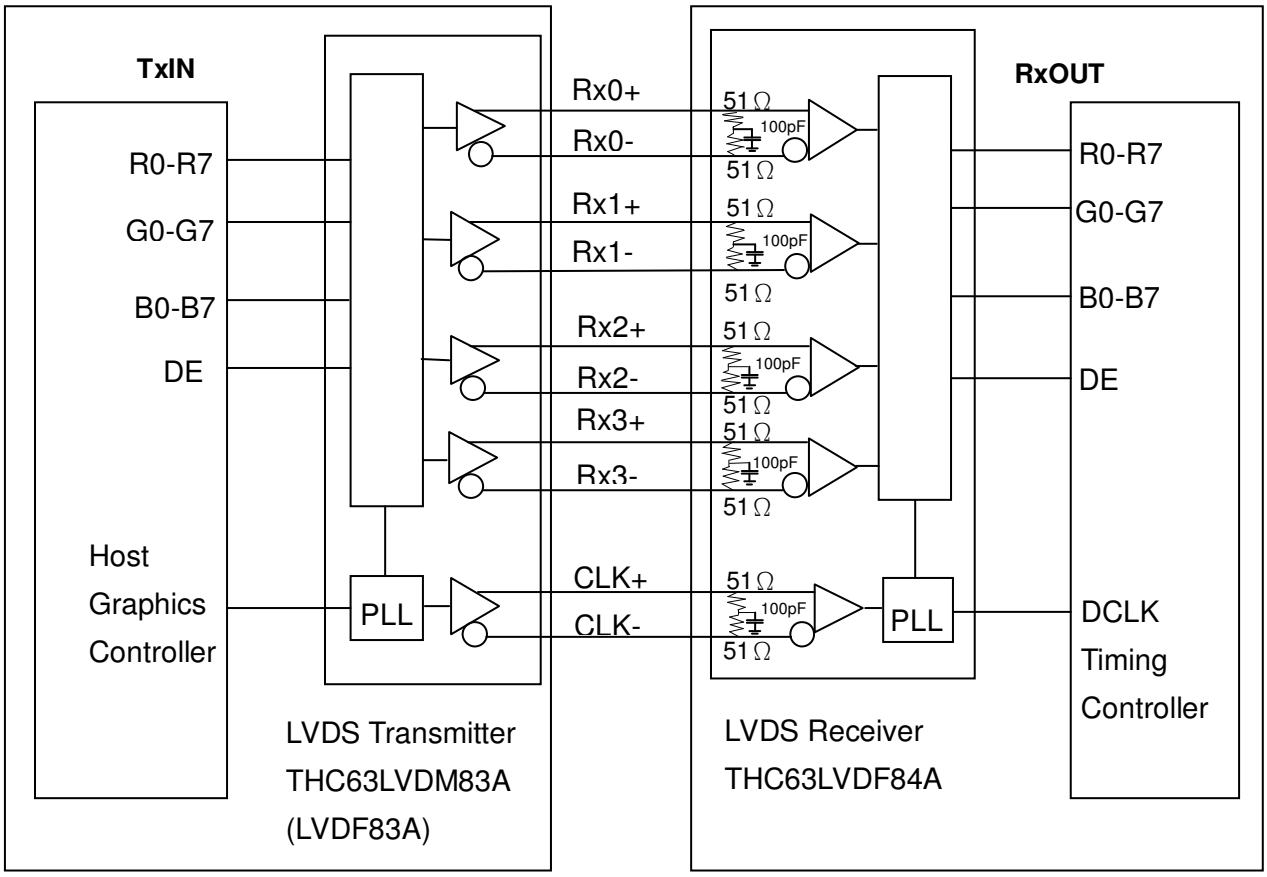
Note (3) LVDS data format Selection(0V~0.7V:VESA 2.7V~3.3V:OPEN→JEDIA)

Note (4) LVDS signal pin connected to the LCM side has the following diagram. R1 in the system side should be less than 1K Ohm. (R1 < 1K Ohm)



Note (5) Suggested connector connected in series：JAE FI-X30HL (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., LTD.)

5.3 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE

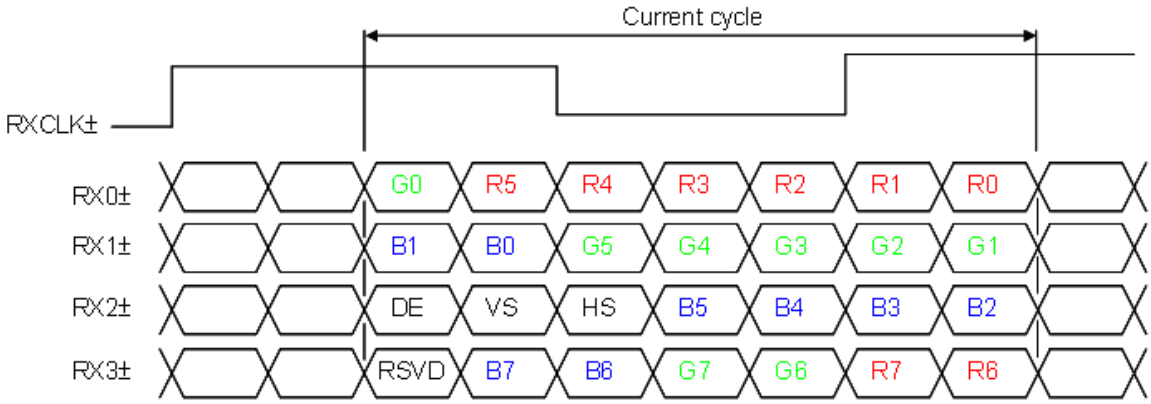


R0~R7 : Pixel R Data ,
G0~G7 : Pixel G Data ,
B0~B7 : Pixel B Data ,
DE : Data enable signal
DCLK : Data clock signal

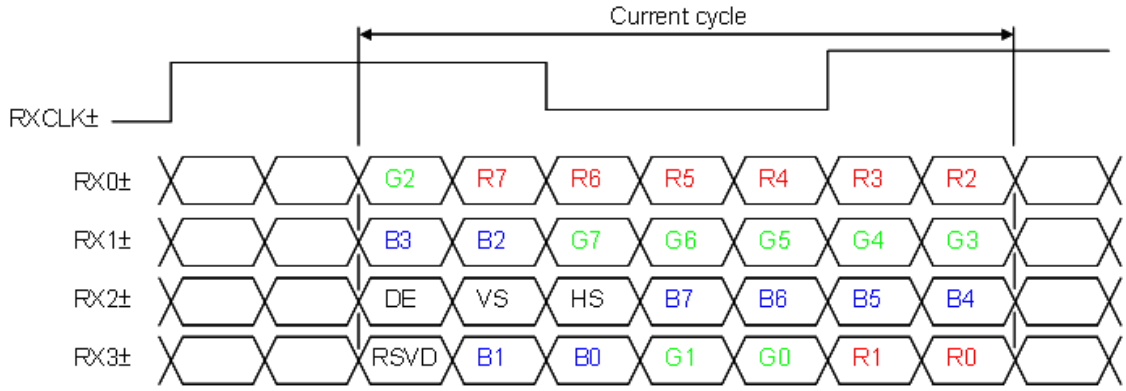
Note (1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.
Note (2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.

5.4 LVDS INTERFACE

VESA LVDS format：(SELLVDS pin= L)



JEDIA LVDS format：(SELLVDS pin= H or Open)



R0~R7: Pixel R Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

G0~G7: Pixel G Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

B0~B7: Pixel B Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal

DCLK : Data clock signal

Notes: (1) RSVD (reserved) pins on the transmitter shall be “H” or “L”.

5.5 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																							
		Red								Green								Blue							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Red (253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Green (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
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	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram. (Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LVDS Receiver Clock	Frequency	F_{clkin} (=1/TC)	67.7	76	82	MHz	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}	—	—	200	ps	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation range	F_{clkin_mod}	F_{clkin}-2%	—	F_{clkin}+2%	MHz	(3)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F_{SSM}	—	—	200	KHz	
LVDS Receiver Data	Setup Time	Tlvsu	600	—	—	ps	
	Hold Time	Tlvhd	600	—	—	ps	
Vertical Active Display Term	Frame Rate	F_{r5}	47	50	53	Hz	
		F_{r6}	57	60	63	Hz	
	Total	Tv	700	806	1050	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
	Display	Tvd	768	768	768	Th	
	Blank	Tvb	8	38	282	Th	
Horizontal Active Display Term	Total	Th	1530	1560	2006	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
	Display	Thd	1366	1366	1366	Tc	
	Blank	Thb	164	194	640	Tc	

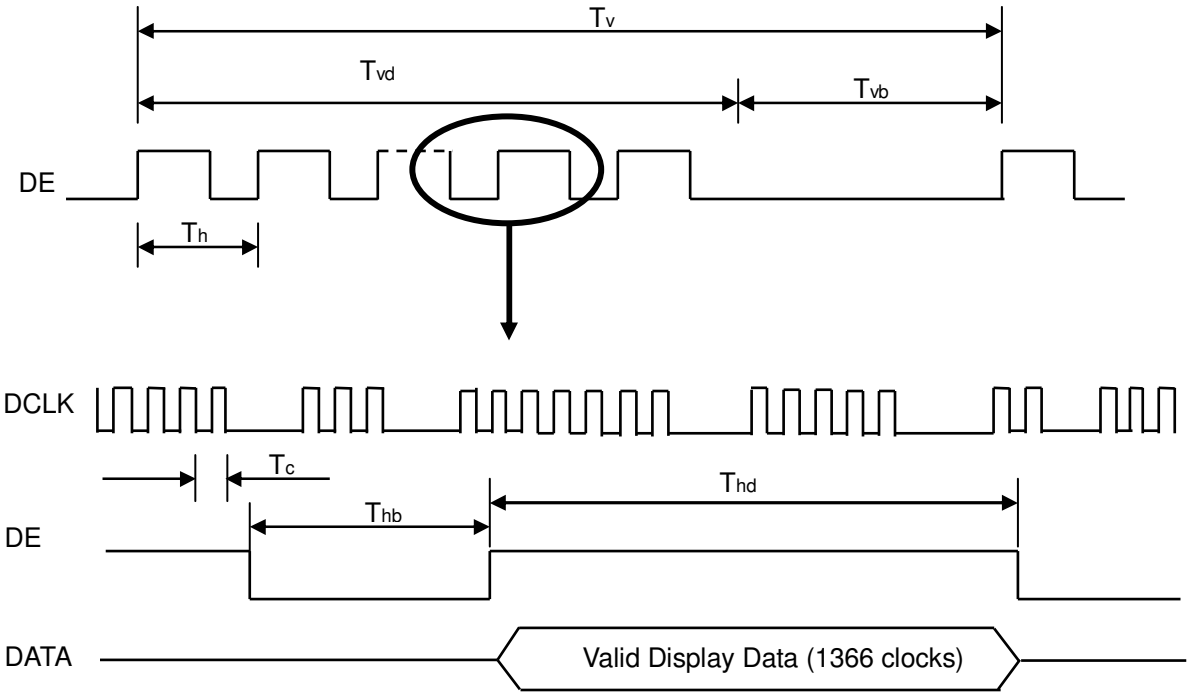
Note (1) Please make sure the range of frame rate has follow the below equation：

$$Fclkin(max) \geqq Fr6 \times Tv \times Th$$

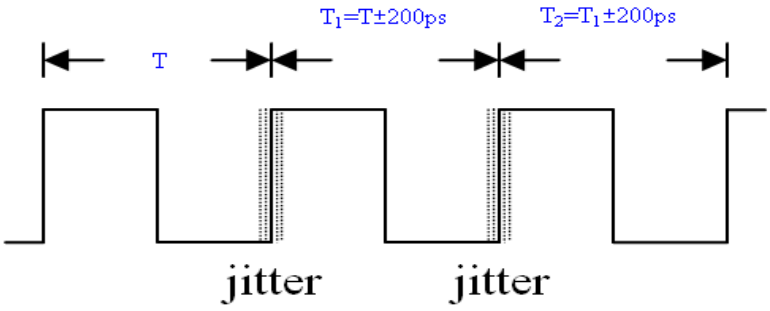
$$Fr5 \times Tv \times Th \geqq Fclkin(min)$$

Note (2) This module is operated in DE only mode and please follow the input signal timing diagram below :

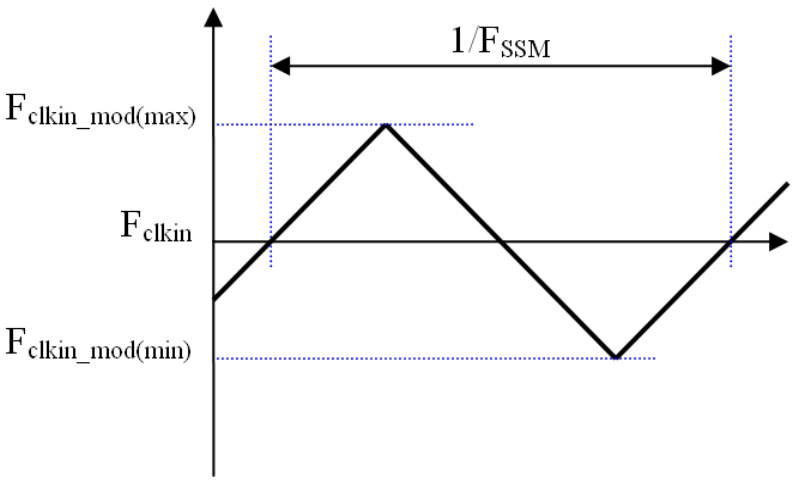
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



Note (3) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = I T_1 – TI

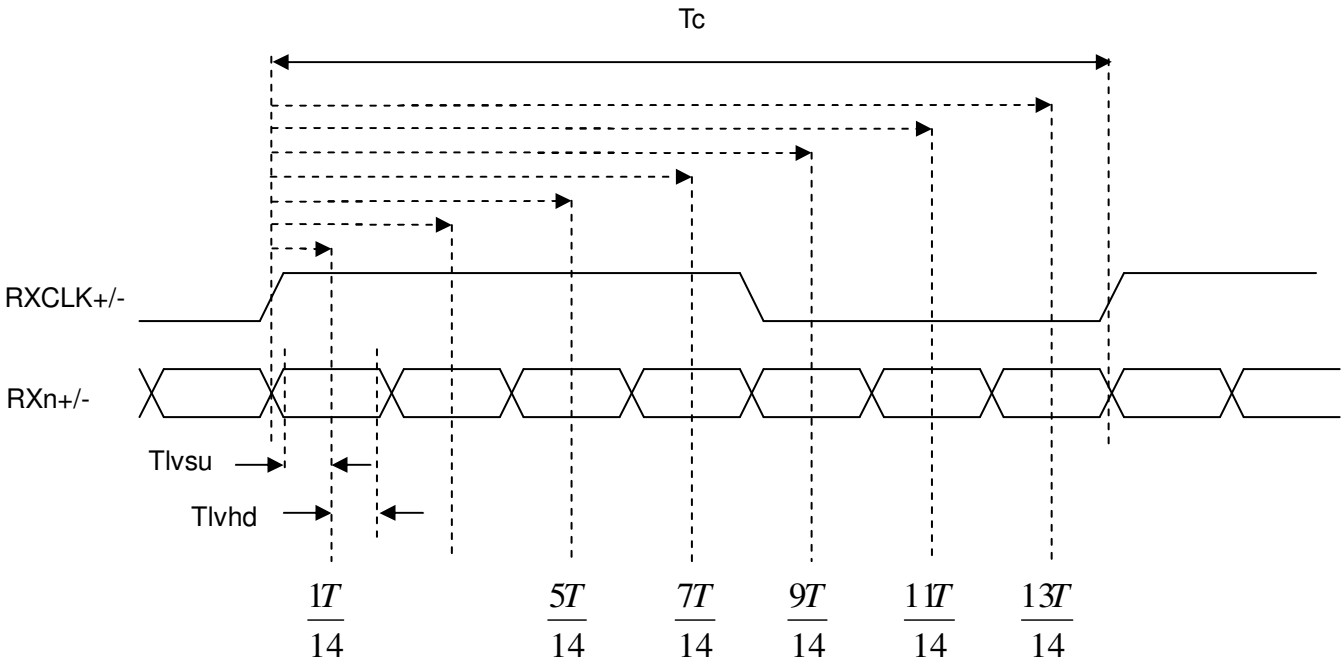


Note (4) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (5) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

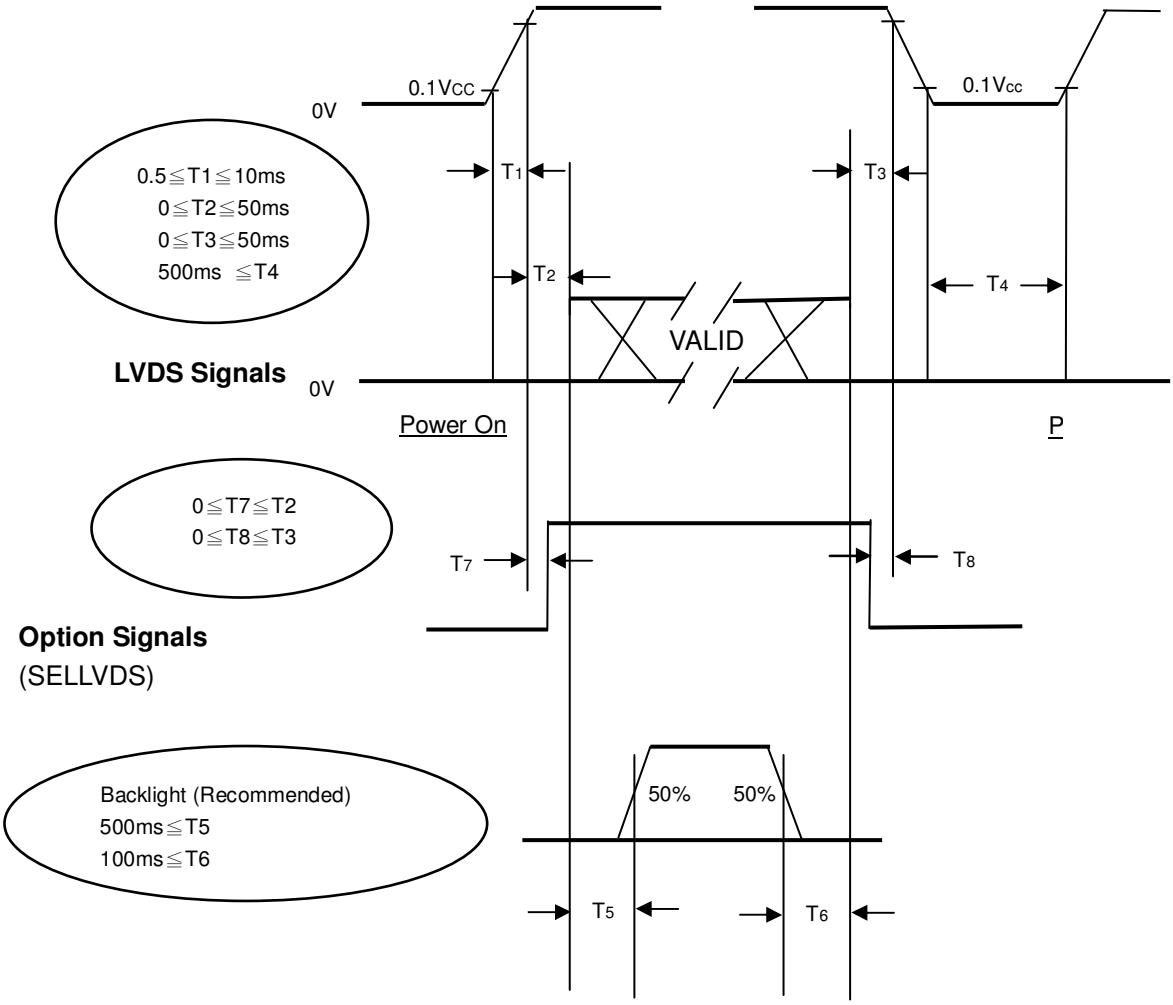
LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

(Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.

Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.

Note (3) In case of VCC is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance.

Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	oC
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	VCC	12	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
LED Light Bar Input Current Per Input Pin	I_{PIN}	65± 1.95	mA_{DC}
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%
LED Light Bar Test Converter	CMI 35-D065452		

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.

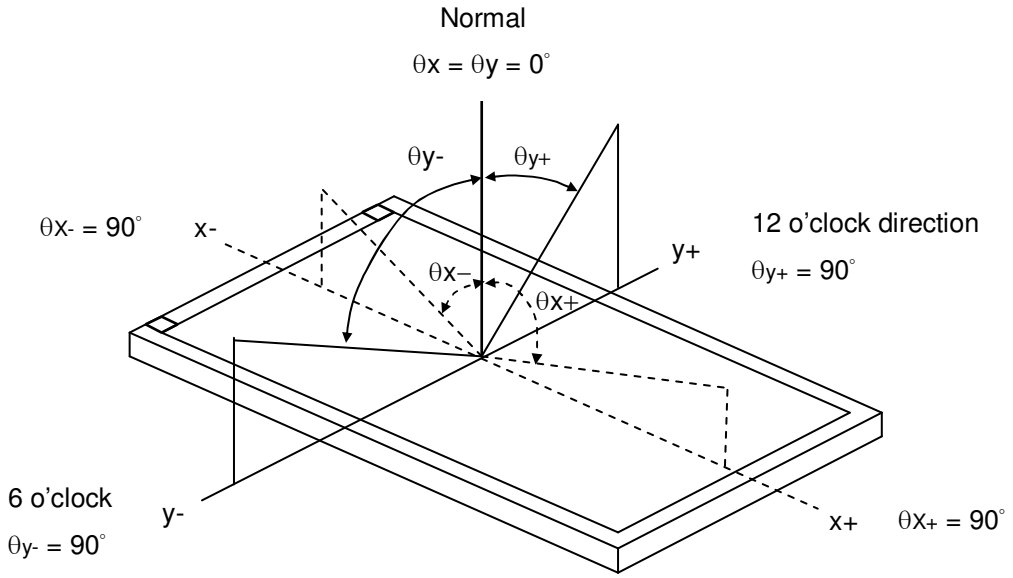
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in 7.1.

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	θx=0°, θy =0° Viewing angle at normal direction	2000	3000	-	-	(2)
Response Time		Gray to gray		-	8.5	20	ms	(3)
Center Luminance of White		L_C		200	250	-	cd/m^2	(5)
White Variation		δW		-	-	1.42		(7)
Cross Talk		CT		-	-	4.0	%	(6)
Color Chromaticity	Red	Rx		Typ. -0.03	0.638	Typ. +0.03	-	(1)(4)
		Ry			0.337		-	
	Green	Gx			0.309		-	
		Gy			0.620		-	
	Blue	Bx			0.149		-	
		By			0.059		-	
	White	Wx			0.280		-	
		Wy			0.290		-	
	Color Gamut	C.G		-	72	-	%	NTSC
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θx+	CR≥20	80	88	-	Deg.	(1)(4)
		θx-		80	88	-		
	Vertical	θY+		80	88	-		
		θY-		80	88	-		

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx, θy) :

Viewing angles are measured by Autronic Conoscope Cono-80



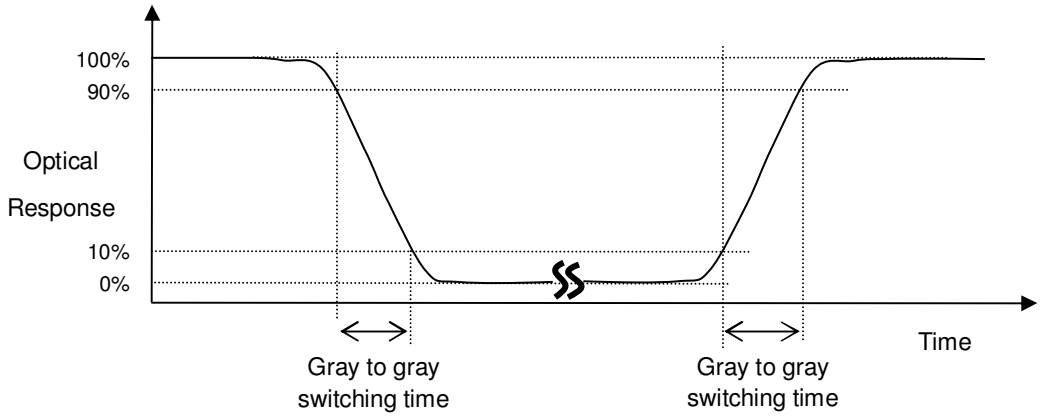
Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR) :

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note(7).

Note (3) Definition of Gray-to-Gray Switching Time:

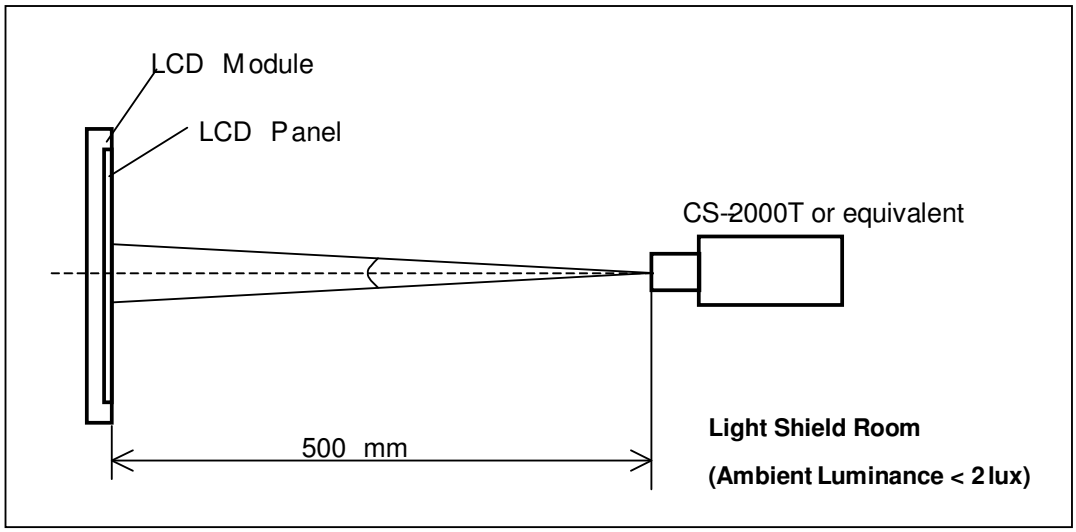


The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 31, 63, 95, 127, 159, 191, 223 and 255..

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 31, 63, 95, 127, 159, 191, 223 and 255 to each other.

Note (4) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.



Note (5) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C, L_{AVE}):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point and 5 points

L_C = L (5), where L (X) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

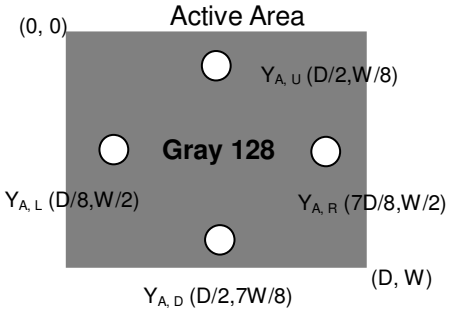
Note (6) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

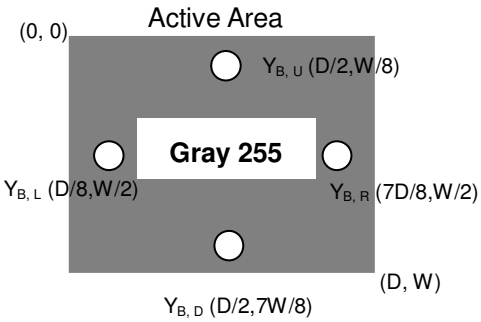
CT = | YB – YA | / YA × 100 (%)

Where:

YA = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern (cd/m2)

YB = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern (cd/m2)



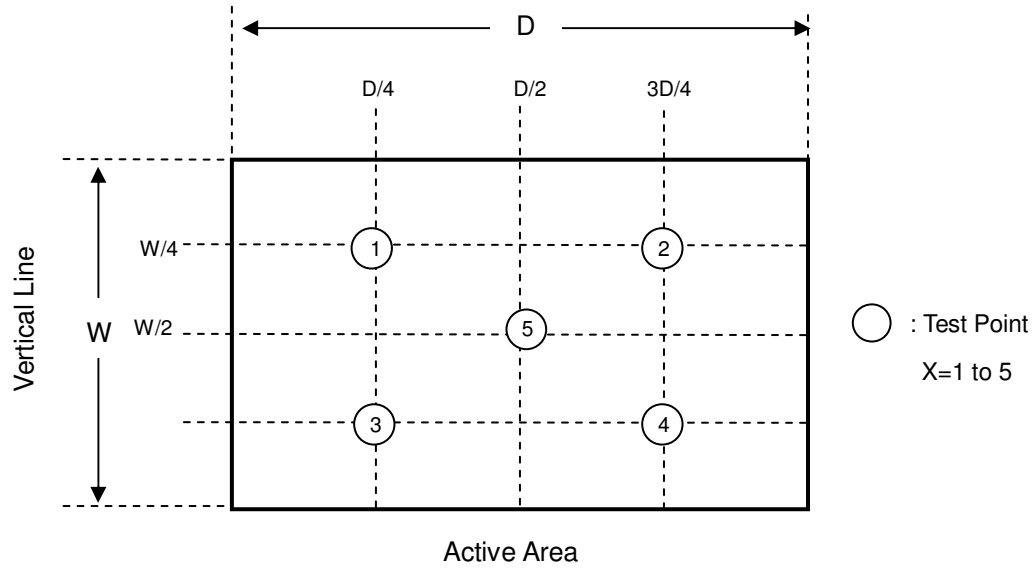


Note (7) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

δW = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]

Horizontal Line



8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

[1] Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.

[2] It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.

[3] Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and Backlight.

[4] Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMIS LSI chips.

[5] Bezel of Set can not press or touch the panel surface. It will make light leakage or scrape.

[6] Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.

[7] Do not disassemble the module.

[8] Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.

[9] Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.

[10] When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

[10.1] Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35℃at normal humidity without condensation.

[10.2] The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

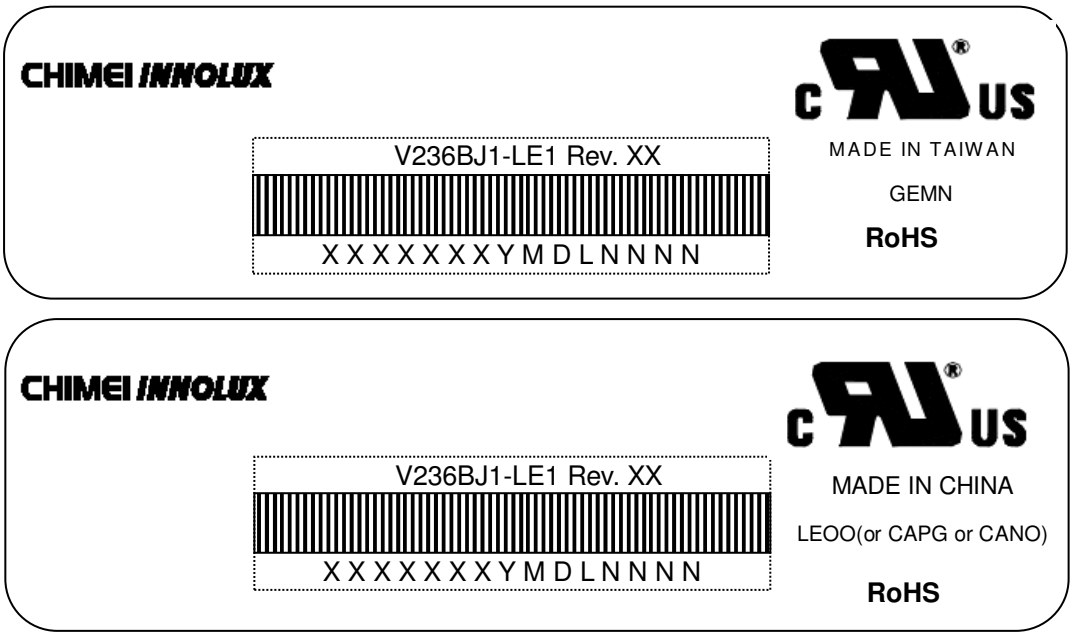
[1] If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.

[2] After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMI MODULE LABEL

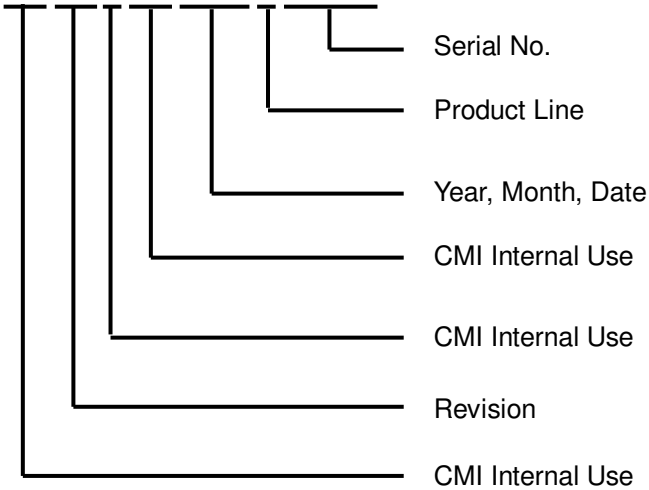
The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



Model Name: V236BJ1 –LE1

Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1… B1, B2… or C1, C2…etc.

Serial ID: X X X X X X Y M D L N N N N



Serial ID includes the information as below:

Manufactured Date:

Year : 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4…2010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2…

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I ,O, and U.

Revision Code : Cover all the change

Serial No. : Manufacturing sequence of product

Product Line : 1 → Line1, 2 → Line 2, …etc.

10. PACKAGING

10.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 11 LCD modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 620(L) X 348(W) X 430(H) mm

(3) Weight: approximately: 29.1kg (11 modules per box)

10.2 PACKAGING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
Vibration	ISTA STANDARD Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z), Right & Left: 10 minutes (X) Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	Non Operation
Dropping Test	1 Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 31cm	Non Operation

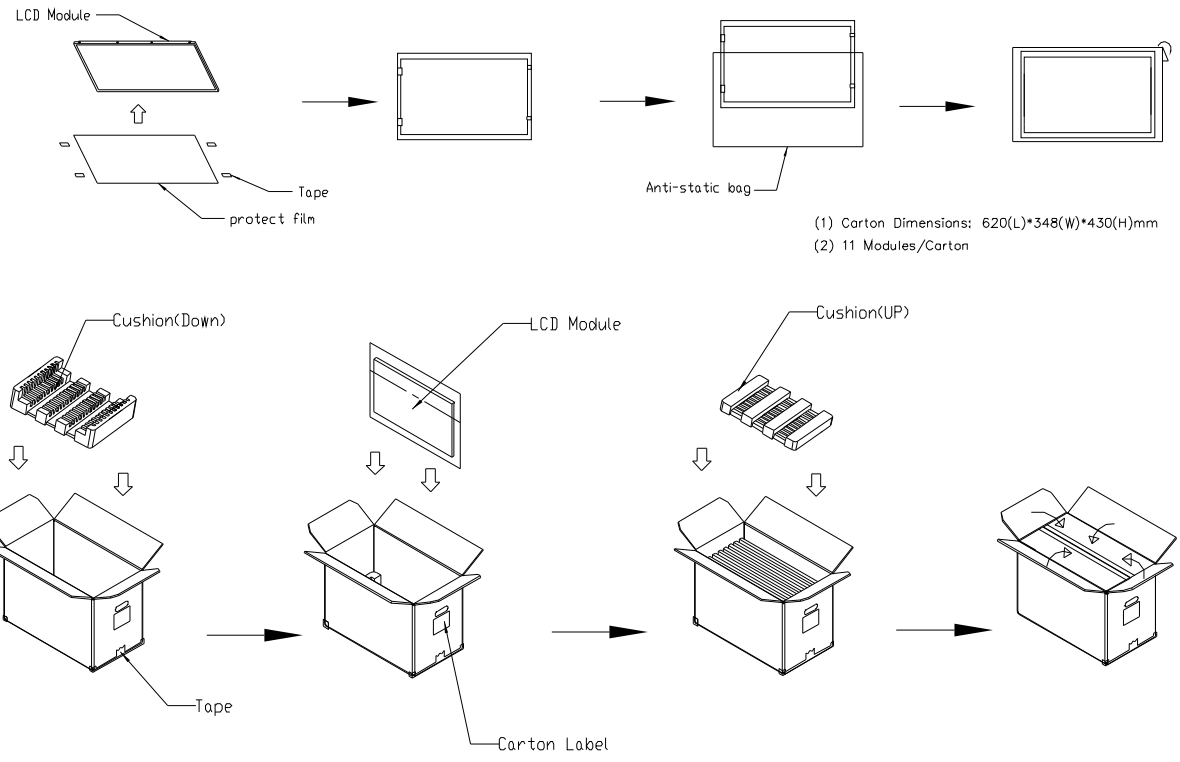
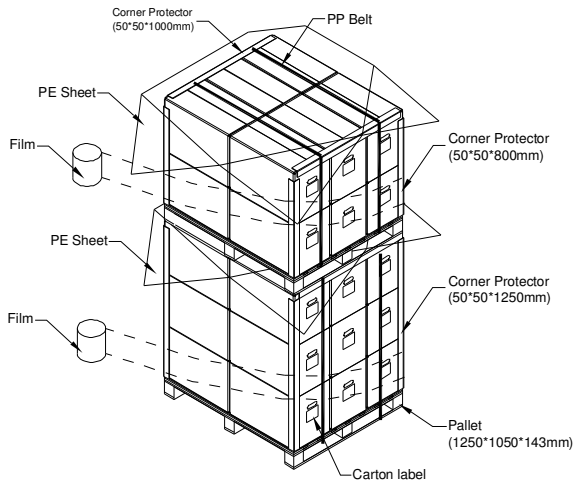


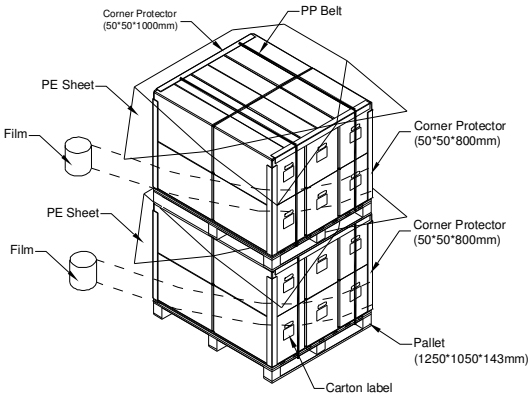
Figure 10-1 packing method

For ocean shipping

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft/20ft Container)



For air transport

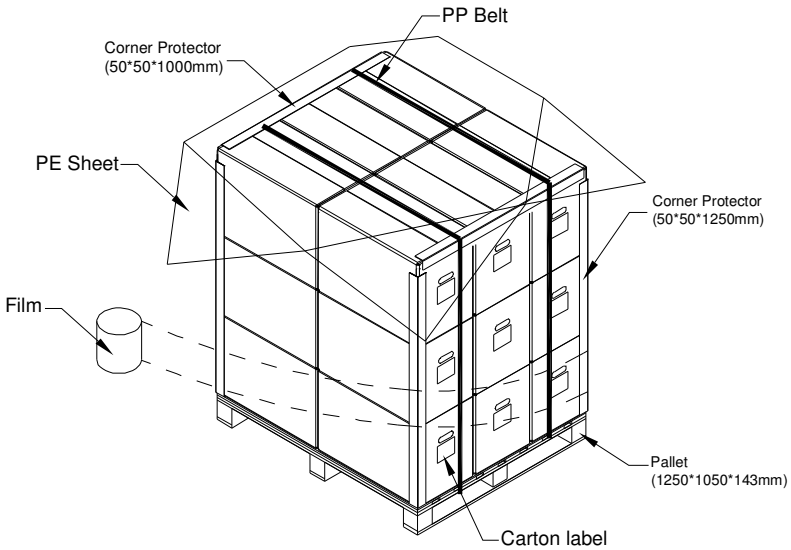


Figure 10-2 packing method

11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC